

National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) Audit

Train the Trainer Workshop

National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) Audit

- The Commission will coordinate an NSMC National Audit in October 2022.
- All hospitals must complete the audit including all data entry between 4th and 31 October 2022
- Using and auditing the NSMC are activities that can be used to demonstrate compliance with the NSQHS Standards for accreditation.

NSMC Audit Objectives

- Provides a baseline for NSMC use and future QI initiatives
- Improves the safety of medication charting in hospitals
- Evaluate the effect of the NSMC safety features
- Evaluate the implementation process on the safety and quality of prescribing and medication documentation
- Identify further areas for improvement in medication management.

NSMC Audit

- Frequency of auditing will depend on:
 - staff changes,
 - risk of medication errors
 - other local factors.
- If significant non-compliance is identified: focus audits should occur more frequently within a quality improvement cycle (PDSA), until compliance improves.
- Medication Chart Policy Biennial national audit

NSMC Audit Data Collection Tools

- Paper based form, available at:
- <u>https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/publica</u> <u>tions-and-resources/resource-</u> <u>library/national-standard-medication-chart-</u> <u>nsmc-audit-form</u>
- The NSMC Audit System is a web-based application which provides an electronic version of the Audit Form and into which audit data can be entered directly

Preparing for the NSMC Audit

- Refer to Commission's:
 - National Standard Medication Chart Audit System User Guide
 - National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) Audit System: Reporting user guide for coordinators
- Read local medication related procedures and guidelines,
 - e.g. approved list of trade names, list of acceptable abbreviations
- Decide on the number of charts to audit
- Decide how data will be entered Delivering a Healthy WA

Preparing for the NSMC Audit

- Some of the audit criteria require subjective judgement and interpretation:
 - determining unclear orders
 - assessing completeness of documentation.
- It is important that auditors meet up prior to the audit to discuss the parameters for these areas, especially if there are no local guidelines or procedures.
- Conducting a pilot may be beneficial
 - Small sample of medication charts from different wards

Number and type of charts to audit

Initial audit

- Ideally all available active NSMC should be reviewed – allows identification of errors that occur infrequently and in different patient types.
- As many medication charts as possible should be reviewed to evaluate any significant changes to medication safety.
- To enable a large number of patient charts to be reviewed, data collection may take place over a number of weeks, e.g. 5 charts for each ward per week for one month.

Number and types of chart to audit

Suggested initial audit sample size:

Hospital bed numbers	Sample size
150 or more	20% of current inpatients
30-149	30 current inpatients
Less than 30	All current inpatients

Subsequent audits

 Where possible, these should be identical to the last audit (completed in 2018) to ensure a comparison of similar wards, patients and numbers.

Partial audits

 Hospitals may wish to target specific areas of concern where performance is suboptimal.

Audit teams

- Multidisciplinary to reflect the way in which clinicians use the NSMC
- Ideally it should be conducted by 2 people together:
 - To minimise observer bias
 - A registered nurse interpretation of the prescription and administration information.
 - A pharmacist (or medical officer, or another nurse)
- The teams should be allocated and maintained for the audit period, to ensure consistency in the data collected.

Familiarisation with medication related policies and guidelines

- Local medication related procedures and guidelines – e.g. hospital's list of approved trade names for prescribing
- If no local procedures or policies exist, auditors will need to agree on some audit parameters – e.g. acceptable abbreviations and trade names.
 - Establish consistency between auditors for current and subsequent audits.

Piloting data collection

- Teams should consider testing their data collection methods, using the NSMC Audit Form.
- NSMCs selected should include a variety of medicines which utilise different safety features of the chart.
- Pilot testing and correlating data collection decisions will help to achieve consistency between audit team members.
- Reflective discussion after pilot testing may also be helpful in situations where there is disparity between auditors.

Recommendations

- It is recommended that sites collect data on the paper audit form, and then upload the information onto the database (NSMC Audit System).
- Maintain a log of frequently occurring errors/issues
 - These can justify results for each site
 - e.g. "i-ii drops" non-standard abbreviation, minimal impact
 - e.g. "U" (for units) non-standard abbreviation, major impact
 - Can be used for education/improvement at each site

Recommendations

- Take de-identified photos/photocopies of any major issues – present to site's DTC or MSG with report
 - May be once-off event
 - May be part of a pattern
- Obtain a list of acceptable trade names (may need to liaise with DTC or MSG)
- Determine the paediatric dosing reference used, and have it ready when auditing.
- Have a calculator handy especially when auditing paediatric NIMCs

Completing the Audit Tool

National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) audit form

Chart type and age of patient

iii) Please specify chart type(s) being audited: NIMC (acute)

- NIMC (long-stav)
- NIMC (paediatric)
- NIMC (paediatric long-stay)
- PBS HMC (acute)
- PBS HMC (long-stay)
- iv) The patient is aged 12 years or under Y / N

Section 1 Patient identification

- 1.1 Patient identification section is completed using: handwritten patient details
 - printed patient identification labels
 - a mix of printed patient identification labels and handwritten details
- 1.2 Patient identification section is completed on all pages of all active charts Y/N
- 1.3 Handwritten patient details are legible and complete (i.e. at least 3 patient identifiers documented) Y/N/NA
- 1.4 Patient's name is handwritten under natient identification label(s) by first prescriber Y/N/NA

Section 2 Prescriber details

(PBS HMC only)

- 2.1 All prescribers who have ordered a medicine for the patient are listed in the prescriber details section of the PBS HMC Y / N [if N, go to Q3.1]
- 2.2 The prescriber details section of the PBS HMC is legible and complete Y/N

Section 3 Weight documentation

{Patients aged 12 years or under and using NIMC paediatric only)

- 31 Weight is documented on all charts Y/N [if N, go to Q4.1]
- 3.2 Date weighed is documented with weight on all charts Y/N

i) Hospital name: ii) Date of audit:

Information for local use only a) UR number:

b) Ward

Only include charts that are 'active' and in current use at the time of audit (i.e. do not include charts where all orders have been ceased or have otherwise expired)

Section 4 Adverse drug reactions (ADR)

- 4.1 The following has been documented in the ADR section
 - (select one option only) details of any medicine (or other) allergies or ADR(s) [go to Q4.2]
 - 'Nil known' or 'unknown' box marked with signature, name and date on all active charts [go to Q5.1]
 - none of the above apply [go to Q5.1]
- 4.2 The medicine (or other) section and reaction type has been documented on all active charts Y/N
- 4.3 The ADR documentation includes signature, name and date on all active charts Y/N

Section 5 Medication history

- 5.1 Medication history for the current episode of care is: (select one option only)
 - documented on the chart [go to Q6.1]
 - documented elsewhere according to local procedure [go to Q5.2]
 - not documented [go to Q6.1]
- 5.2 Where medication history is documented elsewhere according to local procedure, it has been crossreferenced on the chart^a Y/N

Section 6 VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

- {NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}
- 6.1 The following has been documented in the VTE risk assessment section: (select all that apply) 'yes' box marked
 - 'prophylaxis not required' or 'contraindicated' box marked
 - signature and date documented
 - none of the above apply
- 6.2 VTE prophylaxis has been prescribed Y / N [if N go to Q7.1]
- 6.3 Section in which VTE prophylaxis was prescribed: (select one option only)
 - the VTE prophylaxis order section only
 - the regular medicines order section only
 - both the VTE prophylaxis and regular medicines sections

Section 7 Pharmaceutical review

7.1 Pharmaceutical review has been documented at least once on all charts (i.e. clinician initials are recorded in the pharmaceutical review box under the regular medicines section) Y/N

Section 8 Chart numbering

8.1 All charts for the patient are correctly numbered Y/N

Section 9 Anticoagulant education record

{NIMC acute, NIMC long-stay, PBS HMC acute & PBS HMC long-stay only}

- 9.1 The patient has been initiated on an anticoagulant for ongoing treatment Y/N [if N, go to section 10]
- 9.2 The anticoagulant education record has been completed Y/N

Section 10 Regular medicine orders

10.1 Total number of regular medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 11]

No.

No.

- 10.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible
 - order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)
 - medicine name not complete and correct
 - route not complete and correct
 - dose not complete and correct
 - frequency not complete and correct
 - prescriber name not legible on the chartd
 - order not signed by prescriber
- 10.3 How many regular medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 10.4 Total number of SR medicine orders^f
- 10.5 Number of orders where SR box is not ticked for SR medicines
- 10.6 Number of orders where indication is not documented
- 10.7 Number of orders where dose calculation is not documented for patient aged 12 years or under {NIMC paediatric only}
- 10.8 Total number of required doses prescribed in the regular medicines section⁹
- 10.9 How many doses were missed without a reason for not administering specified?^h

Section 11 PRN medicine orders

- 11.1 Total number of PRN medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 12]
- 11.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible
 - order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)
 - medicine name not complete and correct
 - route not complete and correct
 - dose not complete and correct
 - hourly frequency not complete and correct
 - maximum PRN dose in 24 hours not documented
 - prescriber name not legible on the chart^d
 - order not signed by prescriber
- 11.3 How many PRN medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 11.4 Number of orders where indication is not documented
- 11.5 Number of orders where dose calculation is not documented for patient aged 12 years or under (NIMC paediatric only)

Completing the Audit Tool

No.

National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) audit form

Section 12 Once only, nurse initiated & phone orders

- 12.1 Total number of once only and nurse initiated **orders**^b
- 12.2 Total number of phone orders^b [If '0' for both Q12.1 and Q12.2, go to section 13]
- 12.3 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c

order not legible

- order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)
- medicine name not complete and correct
- route not complete and correct
- dose not complete and correct
- frequency not complete and correct {phone orders only}
- double signature not complete {phone orders only}
- prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d
- order not signed by prescriber
- 12.4 How many once only, nurse initiated and phone orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 12.5 Total number of required doses prescribed in the once only, nurse initiated and phone order section⁹
- 12.6 How many doses were missed without a reason for not administering specified?^h

Section 13 Variable dose medicine orders No.

{NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}

- 13.1 Total number of variable dose medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 14]
- 13.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible
 - order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)
 - medicine name not complete and correct
 - route not complete and correct
 - dose not complete and correct for each day of administration
 - frequency not complete and correct
 - time to be given not documented
 - prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d
 - order not signed by prescriber
- 13.3 How many variable dose medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 13.4 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented
- 13.5 Total number of required doses prescribed in the variable dose section⁹
- 13.6 How many doses were missed without a reason for not administering specified?^h

Delivering a Health

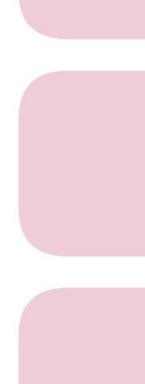
{NIM	C acute, NIMC long-stay, PBS HMC acute S HMC long-stay only}	NO.
14.1	Total number of orders in the warfarin section ^b [If '0', go to Q14.9]	
14.2	Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified: ^c order not legible	
	order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)	
	brand name has not been selected	
	route not complete and correct	\Box
	daily warfarin dose not documented and signed ⁱ	\Box
	prescriber name not legible on the chart ^d	\Box
	order not signed by prescriber	
14.3	How many orders in the warfarin section contain one or more of the above errors? ^e	
14.4	Number of orders where INR result(s) are not	\square

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- 14.5 Number of orders where INR target range is **not** documented
- 14.6 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented
- 14.7 Total number of required doses prescribed in the warfarin section⁹
 14.8 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h
- 14.9 How many warfarin orders are prescribed in the regular medicines section?

Explanatory notes

- a) Where medication history is recorded elsewhere (e.g. MMP or eMR), record Y if the patient's medication history is cross-referenced on at least one active chart. Note that this is not the same as reconciling medication history.
- Record the total number of orders in the specified section. If reviewing more than one chart for the patient, ensure that all medicine orders for each section (on all 'active' charts in current use) are included in the total.
- c) Reviewing all the orders in this section, record the number of orders where the specified error has been identified. Take care to record number of orders where the errors occur, not total number of errors. Put a 0 in the box if there are no orders with the specified error.
- d) Record any orders where prescriber identity cannot be determined from the chart with a legible name clearly printed. (Prescriber name needs to be printed only once on the chart).
- Record the total number of orders with one or more errors, not total number of errors.
- Record the number of medicine orders that are slow release (SR), regardless of whether the SR box has been ticked. Note that this is a subset of the total number of regular medicine orders.
- g) Record the total number of doses that are required to have been administered since the order was written, considering the current date and time.
- Record the number of doses that have been missed without an appropriate code for not administering documented.
- If one or more doses in the Warfarin section are not documented and signed, count this as one incorrect order only.



Completing the Audit Tool

- Complete one audit tool per patient.
- Complete all fields on top of page 1.

National Standard Medication Chart (NSMC) audit form

i)	Hospital name:	
ii)	Date of audit:	
In	formation for local use only	
a)	UR number:	
b)	Ward:	

- Hospital Name
- Date of Audit

Patient Confidentiality

- UR number and Ward for local use only
- To ensure confidentiality of patient information, these fields are not saved in the online audit system
- The web-based NSMC audit system will automatically assign individual ID to each patient audited.
- Hospitals can reference this identifier to individual patient details by recording it locally against the patient's UR number

Chart type and age of patient

Chart type and age of patient

- iii) Please specify chart type(s) being audited:
 - □ NIMC (acute)
 - □ NIMC (long-stay)
 - □ NIMC (paediatric)
 - □ NIMC (paediatric long-stay)
 - PBS HMC (acute)
 - PBS HMC (long-stay)
- iv) The patient is aged 12 years or under ~~ Y / N

Only include charts that are 'active' and in current use at the time of audit (i.e. do not include charts where all orders have been ceased or have otherwise expired)

- For all adult charts WA public hospitals select NIMC acute or NIMC long stay
- For paediatric chart select appropriate NIMC version
- Record the chart type being audited for the patient
- Only include charts that are 'active' and in current use at the time of the audit
- If patient has multiple charts in use, you can audit each chart type separately Delivering a Healthy WA

1.1 Patient ID section is completed using:

Tick the appropriate option

1.2 Patient ID complete on all pages

Look at pages 3 and 4 of all current medication charts.

Section 1 Patient identification

- .1 Patient identification section is completed using:
- handwritten patient details
 - printed patient identification labels
 - a mix of printed patient identification labels and handwritten details
- Patient identification section is completed on all pages of all active charts Y / N
- 1.3 Handwritten patient details are legible and complete (i.e. at least 3 patient identifiers documented)
 Y / N / NA
- Patient's name is handwritten under patient identification label(s) by first prescriber
 Y / N / NA

Page 3



Page 4



1.3 Handwritten patient details are legible and complete

YES if <u>at least 3 are present on</u> (visible and correct):

- Medical record number (UMRN)
- Patient name (family and given names)
- Date of birth
- Gender
- Patient address

If patient ID label is used, the first prescriber must print the patient's name



UR No:	FIRST AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS AND ADDRESS A
Family name:	Line
Given names:	H
Address:	2d-A3
DOB:	Sex 🗆 M 🗆 F

1.4 Patient's name is handwritten under patient identification label(s) by first prescriber

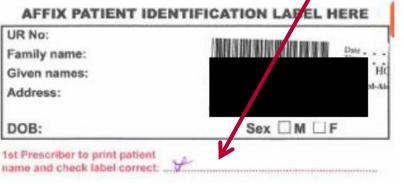
YES if it is first prescriber

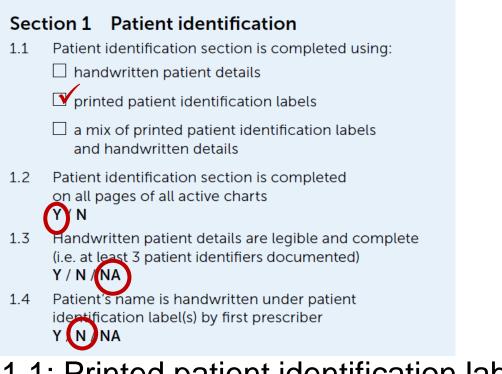
NO if it is another prescriber or

pharmacist

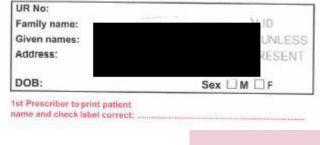
If patient ID label is used, the first prescriber must print the patient's name







AFFIX PATIENT IDENTIFICATION LABEL HERE





- 1.1: Printed patient identification labels
- 1.2: 'Y' if patient ID is complete on all pages of active charts
- 1.3: 'NA' for this example as patient ID is not handwritten
- 1.4: 'N' as patient full name has NOT been handwritten by the first prescriber under each printed patient ID label

Prescriber details

Section 2 Prescriber details

{PBS HMC only}

- All prescribers who have ordered a medicine for the patient are listed in the prescriber details section of the PBS HMC
 Y / N [if N, go to Q3.1]
- 2.2 The prescriber details section of the PBS HMC is legible and complete
 Y / N
- This section is not applicable for WA public hospitals who do not use the chart for discharge prescriptions.
- For private hospitals,
 - 2.1 answer 'Y' if prescriber details are written on the front of the chart
 - 2.2 answer 'Y' if prescriber details are legible and complete

Weight documentation

Section 3 Weight documentation

{Patients aged 12 years or under and using NIMC paediatric only}

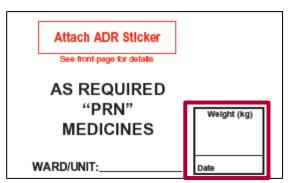
- 3.1 Weight is documented on all chartsY / N [if N, go to Q4.1]
- 3.2 Date weighed is documented with weight on all charts \mathbf{Y} / \mathbf{N}
- This question applies to all patients aged
 12 years and under using the paediatric NIMC

Weight documentation

Only relevant for paediatric NIMC

3.1 Weight documented on all medication charts

AFFIX DATIENT ID	INTIFICATION LABEL HERE AND OVER LEAF
UR No.:	
Family Name:	
Given Names:	
D.O.B.:	Sex: 🗌 M 🗍 F
1st Prescriber to pri	nt patient name & check label correct:
Age:	
Weight (kg):	Date:
	Data:
B.S.A. (m²):	Date:



3.2 Date weighted is documented with weight on all charts

Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR) Details

4.1 The following has been documented in the ADR section (select one option only)

 Tick only one option and follow the prompt

At	tach ADR Sticker				
ALLERGIES AND ADVERSE DRUG REACTIONS (ADR)					
Drug (or other)	Reaction/Type/Date	Initials			
1	Iles				
Syn	Print D	elet:			

Section 4 Adverse drug reactions (ADR)

- 4.1 The following has been documented in the ADR section:
 - (select one option only)
 - details of any medicine (or other) allergies or ADR(s) [go to Q4.2]
 - 'Nil known' or 'unknown' box marked with signature, name and date on all active charts [go to Q5.1]

none of the above apply [go to Q5.1]

- 4.2 The medicine (or other) section and reaction type has been documented on all active charts Y / N
- 4.3 The ADR documentation includes signature, name and date on all active charts Y / N

ADR Details

4.2 The medicine (or other) section and reaction type has been documented on all active charts

The key word here is ALL active charts

4.3 The ADR documentation includes signature, name and date on all active charts

Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR)

In this example the following should be marked

Section 4 Adverse drug reactions (ADR)

4.1 The following has been documented in the ADR section:

(select **one** option only)

- details of any medicine (or other) allergies or ADR(s) [go to Q4.2]
- ☐ 'Nil known' or 'unknown' box marked with signature, name and date on all active charts [go to Q5.1]

none of the above apply [go to Q5.1]

4.2 The medicine (or other) section and reaction type has been documented on all active charts



4.3 The ADR documentation includes signature, name and date on all active charts



- 4.2 should be 'N', as reaction type not documented on <u>ALL</u> active charts
- 4.3 should be 'N', as signature, name and date is not on <u>ALL</u> active charts

Medication History

5.1 Medication History for the current episode of care is:

Tick only one option and follow the prompt

Documented on the chart:

Medication

Dose and frequence

Section 5 Medication history

- Medication history for the current episode of care is: (select one option only)
 - documented on the chart [go to Q6.1]
 - documented elsewhere according to local procedure [go to Q5.2]
 - not documented [go to Q6.1]
- 5.2 Where medication history is documented elsewhere according to local procedure, it has been cross-referenced on the chart^a Y / N

MEDICATION HISTORY AND MANAGEMENT PLAN

Is the medication history documented here?

 Documented elsewhere according to local procedure

nunity pharmacy

Medicines usually administered by

Date

 Total
 Issue identified
 Propried Action
 Reparation

 use building
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Delivering a Healthy WA

Sign

edicines taken prior to presentation to hospital

Medication

prescribed, over the counter, complementary) Own medication brought in?

Medication History

Refer to the WA Medication History and Management Plan (WA MMP) form.

If: WA MMP present in bedside folder.

<u>NB</u>: Either old or new version of the WA MMP is acceptable

Section 5 Medication history

- 5.1 Medication history for the current episode of care is: (select **one** option only)
 - documented on the chart [go to Q6.1]
 - documented elsewhere according to local procedure **[go to Q5.2]**

not documented [go to Q6.1]

5.2 Where medication history is documented elsewhere according to local procedure, it has been cross-referenced on the chart^a
 Y / N

SIT	E		SURNAME			of
	MEDICATION H MANAGEME		GIVEN NAME	ES		1
			D.O.B.			SEX
WARD		TEAM				
ALLE	ERGIES & ADVERSE DI	RUG REACTIONS (6	ick appropriate box)	🗌 Nil Known	Unknown Rea	action – refer to NIMC
	1	Identified Medi	cation Manage	ment Issue		
Date / Time	Issue Iden	tified	Proposed /	Action	Person Responsible	Result of Action
	Issue identified by:	Conlact number:			Contacted Y/N	Date:
	Issue identified by:	Contact number:			Contacted Y/N	Date:
	Issue identified by:	Contact number:			Contacted Y/N	Date:
NEW:	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication $\sqrt{:}$ Continu	ed ∆:Changed X:C	eased 0	ral medications	/liquids □Inha	
NEW: W: Wi		ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CMI	eased OI CMI provided E	ral medications /e/Ear/Nose [Aiquids Inha Injections OTC adications (confirme	lers Topical
NEW: W: Wi	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication $\sqrt{\cdot}$ Continu thheld \uparrow : Increased dose \downarrow at Medication Changes in the Medicat	rd ∆: Changed X: C Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased OG CMI provided ES	ral medications ve/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC	lers Topical
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NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical Complementary d by Discharge Plan
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical
NEW: W: W/ Recer	ation Status Legend Reconcil New medication 4: Continu- theld 1: Increased dose 4 at Medication Changes in the Medication Medication	ed ∆: Changed X: C : Decreased dose CM: Past 4 weeks: tion History – Me	eased Ot	ral medications ye/Ear/Nose [Nil Regular Me n Prior to	Injections OTC adications (confirme Admission	llers Dopical

Medication History

5.2 Where medication history is documented elsewhere according to local procedure, it has been crossreferenced on the chart?

YES if : Medication history is crossreferenced on at least one chart (e.g. "See MMP" or "See previous chart")

San MACP	ney Duration	Medication	Dose and bequeric	y Duration		
2 09/07/14 .		- 1		1900		
				10201 12	2 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1	
NOT FOR	Bee WA MI		(Presc	ribed, over the count	esentation to ho er, complementary) ration aid (specify)	_
NOT FOR			(Presc	ribed, over the count	er, complementary)	Duration
NOT FOR		MP Own A	(Presc edicines brought in?	ribed, over the count	er, complementary) ration aid (specify)	Duration
NOT FOR		MP Own A	(Presc edicines brought in?	ribed, over the count	er, complementary) ration aid (specify)	Duration

VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

6.1 The following has been documented in the VTE risk assessment and Section 6 VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

{NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}

- 6.1 The following has been documented in the VTE risk assessment section: (select all that apply)
 - 'yes' box marked
 - 'prophylaxis not required' or 'contraindicated' box marked
 - signature and date documented
 - none of the above apply

Section 6.1 'yes' box marked = VTE risk considered ticked ticked

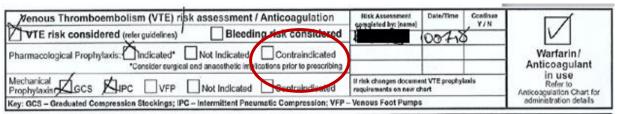
Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) risk assessment / Anticoagulation	Risk Assessment spepgleted by: (name)	Date/Time	Continue Y/N	\square
Pharmacological Prophylaxis: Indicated* Not Indicated Contraindicated Consider surgical and anaesthetic implications prior to prescribing				Warfarin/ Anticoagulant
Prophylaxis GCS HPC VFP Not Indicated Contraindicated	If risk changes docume requirements on new c		nis	In use Refer to Anticoagulation Chart for
Key: GCS - Graduated Compression Stockings; IPC - Intermittent Pneumatic Compression; VFP	- Venous Foot Pump			administration details

VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

Section 6.1 'prophylaxis not required' box marked = 'not indicated'



- Only refer to pharmacological prophylaxis
- Section 6.1 'contraindicated' box marked =



Only refer to pharmacological prophylaxis

VTE Prophylaxis 6.2 VTE prophylaxis prescribed

Refer to WA Anticoagulation chart.* YES if: <u>Pharmacological</u> VTE prophylaxis prescribed.

 WA public hospitals will only be looking at pharmacological VTE prophylaxis and not mechanical

VTE Prophylaxis

6.3 Section in which VTE prophylaxis prescribed in VTE section

Refer to WA Anticoagulation chart <u>only</u>.* 'the VTE prophylaxis order section only'

YEAR 20_	_	ted and low molecular weight heparins and DAY AND	MONTH ->
Date	Medication (his	(generic turne)	
00 nUmin	Route	Dose AND Frequency NOW entertimes 🔶	
indication: VT	E Prophylax	dis Phanticy	Creatinine
e e construire confer		Contact No.	Platelets
YEAR 20_	_	DAY AND	MONTH ->
Oute	Medication (his	(generic nume)	
OKTINUMA .	Royle	Door AND Frequency NOW enter times 🕈	_
indication: VT	E Prophyla	tis Phamaca	Creatinine
Prescriber Sign		HINE Name Contact No.	Platelets

VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

Section 6 VTE risk assessment and VTE prophylaxis

{NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}

6.1 The following has been documented in the VTE risk assessment section: (select all that apply)

yes' box marked

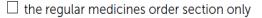
 'prophylaxis not required' or 'contraindicated' box marked

Signature and date documented

none of the above apply

- 6.2 VTE prophylaxis has been prescribed YN [if N go to Q7.1]
- 6.3 Section in which VTE prophylaxis was prescribed: (select one option only)

the VTE prophylaxis order section only



both the VTE prophylaxis and regular medicines sections

Delivering a **Healthy WA**

Venous Thromboembolism (VTE) risk assessment / Anticoagulation	Risk Assessment opmpleted by: (name)	Date/Time	Continue Y/N	
TE risk considered (refer guidelines)	1	100/12	5	
Pharmacological Prophylaxis: Indicated Dot Indicated Contraindicated				Warfarin/ Anticoagulant
Mechanical Prophytaxia	If risk changes document VTE prophylicals requirements on new chart			In use Refer to Anticoaculation Chart for
Key: GCS - Graduated Compression Stockings; IPC - Intermittent Pnoumatic Compression; VFP	administration details			

YEAR 20 14			1	DAY AND MONTH ->	3/7	劣	546	4h	ta	3/2	8	12
317	Medicatio	Print generis	Enonapari		due	A	4	H	de	A	10	0
730	Route	Dose Frequ	ency NOW enter Sines +	-		0		1			2	0
Indication: VT	E PROPHY	LAXIS	Pharmacy									
Prescriber Sign		Print name	Contact No.	Creatinine			174				-	
6.8			217	Platelets				-				
Date	Medication	h (Print generie	c name)									1.00
CrCl mLimin	Route	Dose Frequ	ency NOW enter time ->									
Indication: VTE PROPHYLAXIS Pharmacy				Assume pro	escr	iber	's na	ame	e is l	egil	ole	
Prescriber Sign		Print name	Contact No.									
				Platelets			-	-				

6.2 should be Y

Pharmaceutical Review

YES if : there is at least ONE initial in the *Pharmaceutical Review* section on the medication chart (regardless of length of stay)

Section 7 Pharmaceutical review

7.1 Pharmaceutical review has been documented at least once on all charts (i.e. clinician initials are recorded in the pharmaceutical review box under the regular medicines section)

Pharmaceutical review:	and may	α	
------------------------	---------	----------	--

7.1: Y should be chosen in this example

Chart numbering

Section 8 Chart numbering

- 8.1 All charts for the patient are correctly numbered Y N
- 8.1: 'N' should be chosen as the first chart is not numbered.

Medication	chart numl	berd	
Additional charts	Ustable dost	🗌 Acute pain	
🔲 Paliatve care	Chemotherapy	Anticoogulation	

		<u>f</u> l	of
🗆 IV Fluids	🗆 BGL/Insulin	□ Acute Pain	🛙 Variable Dose
🗆 Pailiative Care	Chemotherapy	SAnticeagulation	Other

Anticoagulant education record

Section 9 Anticoagulant education record

{NIMC acute, NIMC long-stay, PBS HMC acute & PBS HMC long-stay only}

- 9.1 The patient has been initiated on an anticoagulant for ongoing treatment
 Y / N [if N, go to section 10]
- 9.2 The anticoagulant education record has been completed Y / N
- Refer to WA Anticoagulant chart for this question
- Ongoing treatment would be charted in the 'Therapeutic doses' and the 'variable warfarin section' of the anticoagulant chart
- Education should be marked on the bottom of this

		- sion: Dose revan® orC			D. lot applicable	AY AND MO	NTH → INR Result											1mg qly
	Date	Medication	WARFA	ARIN			DOSE							ma				TES /NO Date /
\mathbf{N}	Indication				Route ORAL	Dose Time 16:00 hr	Prescriber											Directe N 3r
	Target INR		Pharmacy	y .			Telephone order N1/N2	\square	\overline{Z}	\square	Ζ	Λ	Λ	Λ		∇	\square	e of De e as l e YES n 5mg q
	Prescriber Sign		Pi	tint Name	e Conta	d No.	Given by											Dispers Varivat
٦ ^ه	Warfarin Disc ANTICOAG Warfarin	ULANT DISC	Dose	E PLA		Patient has bo Patient given to			Pa	tient	INR educ	atior	/ com		ed IP info	scribe		faxed cha

Delivering a Healthy WA

chart

Anticoagulant education record

Section 9 Anticoagulant education record

{NIMC acute, NIMC long-stay, PBS HMC acute & PBS HMC long-stay only}

9.1 The patient has been initiated on an anticoagulant for ongoing treatment

Y/N [if N, go to section 10]

9.2 The anticoagulant education record has been completed

Date Medication (Prin generic name) 27/7 APIXaban	0800
39m/min ORAL Dose AND Frequency NOW enter times 7	2000
Indication: AF Therapeutic Pharmacy	Creativine

ANTICOAG	ULANT DISCHARG	E PLANNING	Patient has booklet	Patient education co	mpleted	
🗌 Warfarin	DOAC		Patient given treatment plan	Duration	GP informed	GP faxed chart

- Refer to "Regular Dose Orders Therapeutic Doses" section of WA Anticoagulant chart for this question
- Refer to the "Anticoagulant Discharge Planning" section of the WA Anticoagulant chart

Medicine Orders Section 10 - 14

- Orders should be considered complete and correct where there is no potential for misinterpretation or administration error, based on the documentation on the chart
- Section 10 Regular medicine orders
- Section 11 PRN medicine order
- Section 12 Once-only, nurse initiated and phone orders
- Section 13 Variable dose medicine orders
- Section 14 Warfarin orders

Medicine order section

Total number of medicines orders

- The following relate to questions
 - **10.1**
 - **11.1**
 - **12.1**
 - **12.2**
 - **13.1**
 - **14.1**
- This relates to all the medicines orders in the specified section (regular, variable, prn etc.) of all active charts
 - Includes only active orders
- Exclude any ceased orders Delivering a Healthy WA

Medicine Order Section

Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified

- The following relate to questions :
 10.2 11.2 12.3 13.2 14.2
- Review all the orders in the specified medicines section
- Record the number of orders where the specified error was identified
- Record number of orders not the total number of errors
- Put a '0' in the box if there are no orders with the specified error

Type of errors

- Order not legible
- Order contains one or more error prone abbreviations
- Not complete and correct:
 - Medicine name
 - Route
 - Dose
 - Frequency
- Prescriber name not legible on the chart
- Order not signed by prescriber

Prescribing and Administration Error Prone Abbreviations

Examples include

Error prone abbreviation	Intended meaning	Correct Abbreviation
ug, mcg or µg	Microgram	Microgram or microg
U or u	Unit	Unit(s)
OD, od or d	Once daily	Daily, or specific time (e.g. mane, nocte)
QD or qd	Every day	Daily, or specific time (e.g. mane, nocte)
Q4H, q4h	Every 4 hours	Every 4hours, 4 hourly, 4hrly
SC or S/C	Subcutaneous	Subcut or subcutaneous
SL or S/L	Sublingual	Subling or sublingual
.5mg	0.5mg	0.5mg or 500microgram or 500microg
5.0mg	5mg	5mg
Drug name abbreviations	e.g. AZT = zidovudine	Do not use abbreviations for medicine names.

Prescribing and Administration

Error prone abbreviations (continued)

Refer to Commission's https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au /wpcontent/uploads/2017/01/Recomme ndations-for-terminologyabbreviations-and-symbols-usedin-medicines-December-2016.pdf

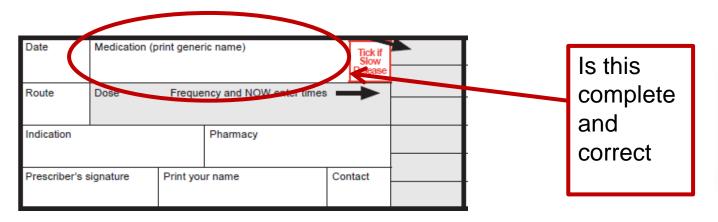
AUSTRALIANCOMMISSION ON SAFETY AND QUALITY IN HEALTHCARE

Recommendations for Terminology, Abbreviations and Symbols used in the Prescribing and Administration of Medicines

terminal and an anomodel large accordination accordinatio accordination accordination accordination accordination accordina			rone abbreviations, symbols and	d dose
hard to be a second of the sec			signations to be avoided	1 4030
A second by strategy of the second by strate				
defauration defaurati	(Adapt	ed from the institute of Sate M	edication Practices [ISMP] list of the same name*, with per	mission from (SMP)
rong Principles for the second	Error-prone Abbreviation	Intended Meaning	Why?	What should be used
 A set of moore in concentration (Table 2) the concentration (Table 2) the	ua, mcg or ug	microgram	Mistaken as 'mg'	microg, microgram
A list of errors A li	BID or bid	twice daily	Mistaken as 'tid' (three times daily)	bd
(Table 2)	BT or bt	bedtime	Mistaken as 'BID' (twice daily)	bedtime
 A list of emposition of the second sec	cc	cubic centimetres	Mistaken as 'u' (units)	mL.
 d causing arm worked (Table work) uso any second causing arm worked (Table work) Scope Scope The principles are apoly to: a propertied askey? ALL contrautic mecorits concours or propertied askey? ALL communic mecorits concours or proventied and work second or device and the second second second and the second second	DIC	discharge or discontinue	Premature discontinuation of medications if discharge intended	'discharge' or 'discontinue' whichever is intended
ally some. ³ Scope ant apply to: apply to: active ALL modication prescriptions th outnot alloy: ² ALL communic ff records concer including tologil orders/prescriptions administration r and of ug storage	e or E	ear or eye	Mistaken for 'ear' when 'eye' intended or for 'eye' when 'ear' intended	'eye' or 'ear' and specify whether 'left', 'right' or 'both'
s apply to: saith • ALL medication y be a votine or prescriptions th outine or pro-printed aloty. ^a # ALL communic records concer including talog orders/prescrip administration r all for drug storag	git or gutte	drops	Latin abbreviation meaning 'drops', not universally understood.	'drops' or 'eye drops' whichever is intended
y be a prescriptions th outine or pre-printed atoly. ² • ALL communic ff records concer including talept orders/prescrip administration r for drug storage	HS hs	half-strength at bedtime, hours of sleep	Mistaken as half-strength	'half-strength' or 'bedtime' whichever is intended
aloty. ³ • ALL communic records concer including tolopt orders/prescrip administration r for drug storage	IJ	injection	Mistaken as 'TV' or 'intrajugular'	inj, injection
 ALL communic # records concer including telept orders/prescrip administration r atin for drug storage 	IN	intranasal	Mistaken as 'IM'or 'IV'	intranasal
including tolept orders/prescrip administration r atin for drug storage	IT	intrathecal	Mistaken as Intravenous	intrathecal
orders/prescrip administration r atin for drug storage	IU	International units	Mistaken as 'TV' (Intravenous) or '10' (ten)	International units
administration r atin for drug storage	IVI	Intravenous injection	Mistaken as 'TV 1'	IV inj or IV injection
	м	morning	Mistaken for 'n' (night)	morning
274	N	night	Mistaken for 'm' (morning)	night
	Oc or Occ	eye cintment	Mistaken for eye drops	eye ointment
	mist	modure	Latin abbreviation, not universally understood	mòdure
	o.d. or OD	once daily	Mistaken as 'right eye' (OD-oculus dexter), leading to oral liquid medications administered in the eye. Can also be mistaken for BD (twice daily)	'daily', preferably specifying the time of the day, eg 'morning', 'mid- day', 'at night'
	01	orange juice	Mistaken as 'OD' or 'OS' (right or left eye); drugs meant to be diluted in orange juice may be given in the eye	orange juice
	OW	once a week	Not universally understood	once a week
	p#	per fortnight	Not universally understood	every two weeks, per fortnight
	qd or QD	every day	Mistaken as 'Qid', especially if the period after the 'q' or the tail of the 'q' is misunderstood as an 'i'	daily
	pulv	powder	Latin abbreviation, not universally understood	powder
	Qhs	nightly at bedtime	Mistaken as 'qhr' or every hour	'night', 'daily at bedtime'
	Qh	every hour	Not universally understood	'hourly', 'every hour'
	god or QOD	every other day	Mistaken as 'qd' (daily) or 'qid' (four times daily)	'every second day', 'on alternate days'
	Q6PM etc	every evening at 6 pm	Mistaken as every six hours	'6pm daily', 'every night at 6pm', 'every day at 6 pm'

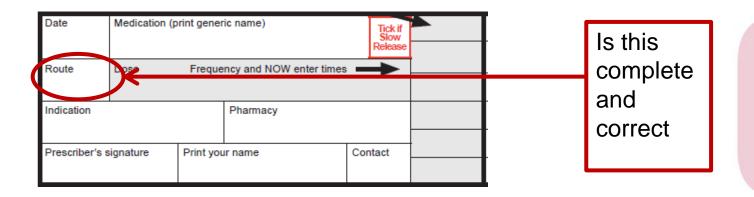
 Hospitals may have their own more extensive list of error prone abbreviations

Prescribing and Administration Medicine name not complete and correct



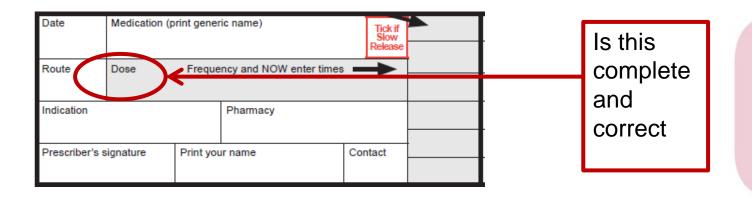
- Record the number of orders where the medicine name is **not** complete and correct with potential for error identified
- Refer to local policy to determine if generic or brand name is considered correct

Prescribing and Administration Route not complete and correct



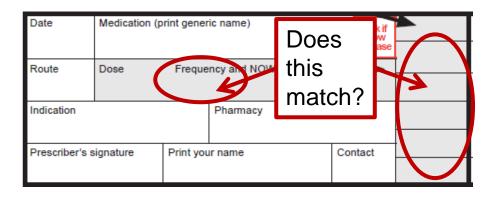
 Record the number of orders where route is **not** complete and correct, with potential for error identified

Prescribing and Administration Dose not complete and correct



- Record the number of orders where dose is **not** complete and correct, with potential for error identified
- Note: when referring to paediatric patients, consider correctness and consistency with any dose calculations documented on the chart

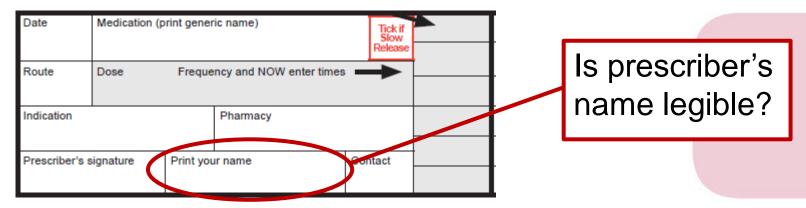
Prescribing and Administration Frequency not complete and correct



 Record the number of orders where frequency is not complete and correct with potential for error identified

Prescribing and Administration

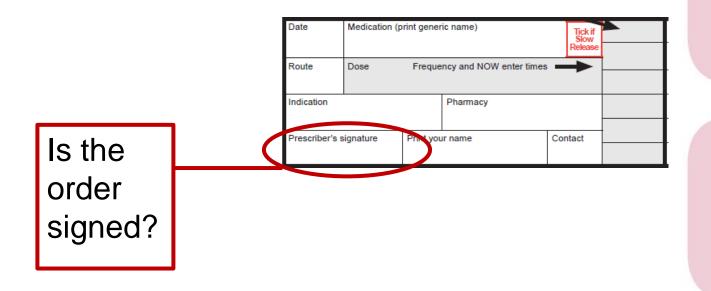
Prescriber Name not legible on the chart



- Record the number of orders where the prescriber's name is **not** legibly written somewhere on the chart containing the order.
- Note: Prescribers should print their surname <u>at</u> <u>least once</u> on the medication chart to enable other clinicians to identify their signature.

Prescriber Signature

 Record the number of orders where the prescriber has **not** signed the order



Medicine Order Section

How many medicines orders contain one or more of the above errors

- The following relate to questions
 - **10.3 11.3 12.4 13.3 14.3**
- Record the number of orders where one or more of the errors specified were identified
- Do not record the total number of errors

Prescribing and Administration Doses Required

 Record the number of doses that should have been administered from the commencement of the order on the chart to the time of the audit.

Doses Missed

 Record the number of doses that have been missed, without a reason for not administering specified.

REASON FOR NURSE/MIDWIFE ADMINISTERING Codes MUST be circled	NOT
Absent	
Fasting	F
Refused – notify Doctor	R
Vomiting	
On leave	L
Not available – obtain supply or contact Doctor	
Withheld – enter reason in clinical record	W
Self administering	<u>(s)</u>

Regular Medicines Orders

- Applies to all medicine orders in the regular sections of all active charts in current use
- Excludes ceased medications

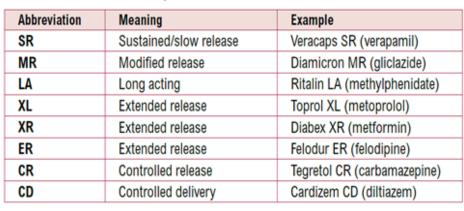
Sect	tion 10 Regular medicine orders	No
10.1	Total number of regular medicine orders ^b [If '0', go to section 11]	
10.2	Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified: ^c order not legible	Г
	order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)	
	medicine name not complete and correct	
	route not complete and correct	
	dose not complete and correct	
	frequency not complete and correct	
	prescriber name not legible on the chart ^d	
	order not signed by prescriber	
10.3	How many regular medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors? ^e	
10.4	Total number of SR medicine orders ^f	
10.5	Number of orders where SR box is not ticked for SR medicines	
10.6	Number of orders where indication is not documented	
10.7	Number of orders where dose calculation is not documented for patient aged 12 years or under {NIMC paediatric only}	
10.8	Total number of required doses prescribed in the regular medicines section ^g	
10.9	How many doses were missed without a reason for not administering specified? ^h	

Sustained Release

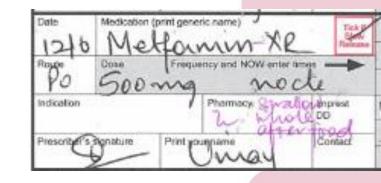
10.4 Number of SR medicines ordered

Record the number of medicine orders that are slow release (SR) or modified release, regardless of whether the 'SR' box has been ticked

10.5 Number of orders where SR box is not ticked for SR medicines



Abbreviations used for slow release products include:



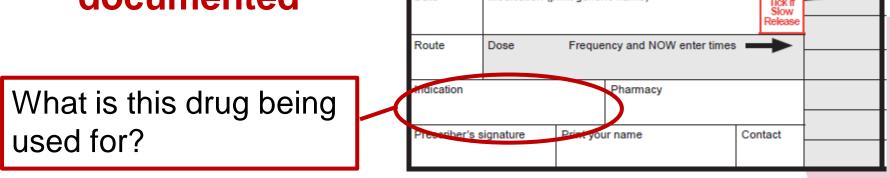
Tick if Slow

Other common medications that are available as a SR preparations include –

oxycodone, oxycodone/naloxone (Targin®) morphine, hydromorphone, tramadol, tapentadol, paracetamol isosorbide mononitrate, nifedipine, potassium chloride, quetiapine, venlafaxine.

List not conclusive – please check if unsure

10.6 Number of orders where indication is not
documentedDateMedication (print generic name)



10.7 Number of orders where dose calculation is not documented for patient aged 12

Tick if Slow

years or younger

(NIMC paediatric	NIMC paediatric only)		Route			Frequency & now enter times	
			Pharmacy	/Additional I	nformation		
			Indication		\rightarrow	Calculation of Do	SE (eg. mg/kg/DOSE
	ook here		Prescriber	Signature	Print Name		Contact/Page

Regular medicine orders

Section 10 Regular medicine orders

- 10.1 Total number of regular medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 11]
- 10.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible

order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)

medicine name not complete and correct

route not complete and correct

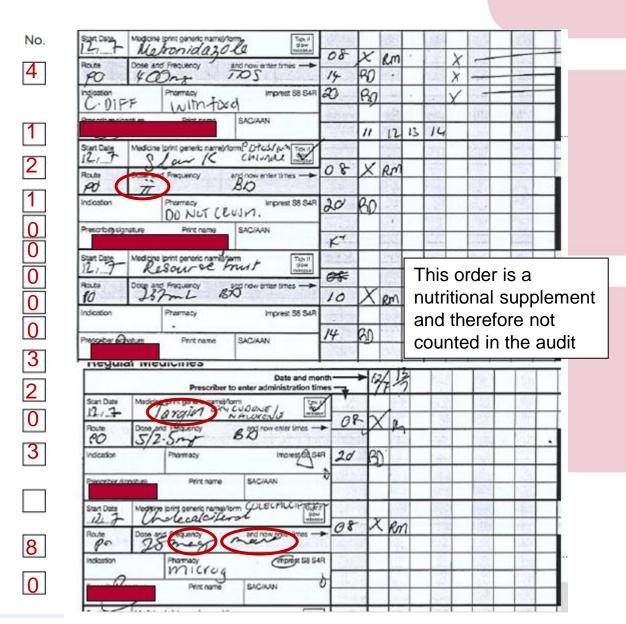
dose not complete and correct

frequency not complete and correct

prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d

order not signed by prescriber

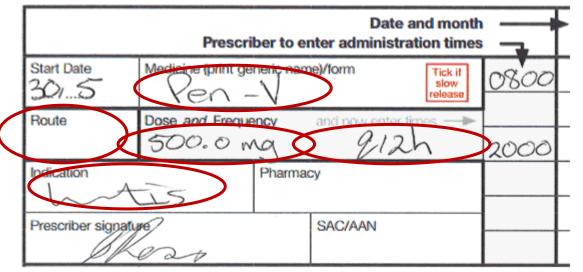
- 10.3 How many regular medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 10.4 Total number of SR medicine orders^f
- 10.5 Number of orders where SR box is **not** ticked for SR medicines
- 10.6 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented
- 10.7 Number of orders where dose calculation_ is **not** documented for patient aged 12 years or under {NIMC paediatric only}
- 10.8 Total number of required **doses** prescribed in the regular medicines section^g
- 10.9 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h



Section 10 explanation

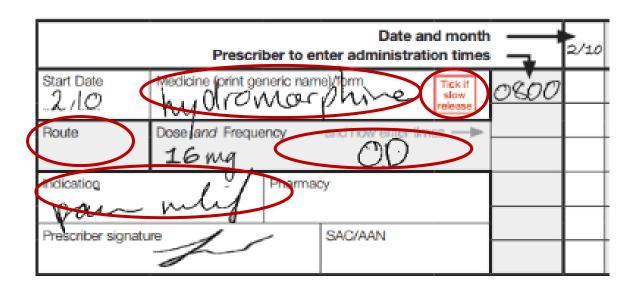
- <u>10.1</u> count up all medication orders (does not include nutritional supplements)
- <u> 10.2</u>
 - order not legible relates only to handwriting (mane is difficult to read)
 - error prone = 'ii' and 'mcg' are both incorrect
 - Medicine name not complete and correct = 'Targin' and 'Slow K' (depends on hospital policy)'
- <u>10.3</u> = 3 (Targin, Slow K and Cholecalciferol orders) count all the orders that had 1 or more of the above errors

More examples of unapproved abbreviations and errors in charting



Acknowledgement - NPS NSMC 2018 Course

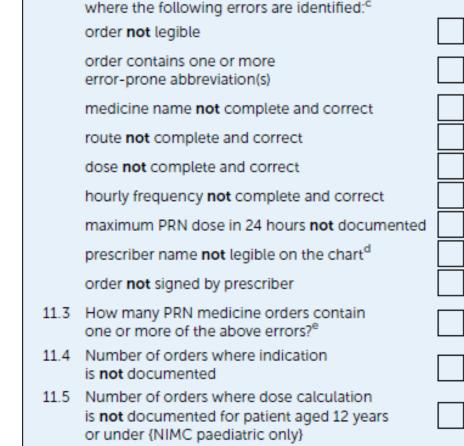
More examples of unapproved abbreviations and errors in charting



Acknowledgement – NPS NSMC 2018 Course

PRN Medicines Orders Section 11

- Applies to all medicine orders in the PRN sections of all active charts in current use
- Excludes ceased medications



Section 11 PRN medicine orders

[If '0', go to section 12]

11.1 Total number of PRN medicine orders^b

11.2 Record the number of orders in this section

No

Prescribing and Administration

Hourly frequency not complete and correct

Date	Medication (F	Print Ger	neric Name)		
Route	Dose Hour	ly Freque	ency PRN	Max	Dose/24 hrs
Indication			Pharmacy		
Prescriber S	Signature	Print Yo	our Name		Contact

Is this complete and correct?

Maximum PRN dose in 24 hours not documented

Date	Medication (Print Generic N	ame)		Is th	is
Route	Dose Hour	ly Frequency	PRN	x Dose/24 hrs	com	pleted?
Indication		Phan	macy			
Prescriber	Signature	Print Your Na	me	Contact		

PRN medicine orders

No.

4

0

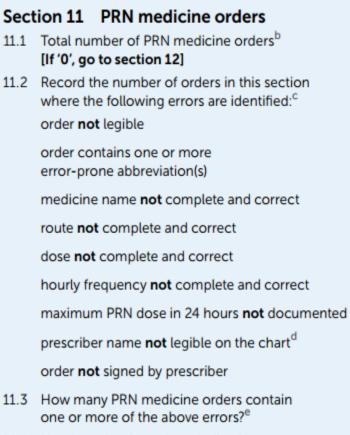
2

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4

4

2



- 11.4 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented
- 11.5 Number of orders where dose calculation is **not** documented for patient aged 12 years or under {NIMC paediatric only}

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ndication		Max PRN dosa/24hr	Dose					1
1012 441		Pharmacy Impre	NI SE SAR POLLE	T	1			
and								
Manager along		Print Ner		+	-			

Section 11 explanation

- <u>11.1</u> only count the active orders on the chart
- <u>11.2</u>
 - error prone abbreviation = 'ii' and 'IR'
 - dose not complete and correct = the fentanyl protocol order only states PACU
 - hourly frequency = fentanyl protocol order dose not have an hourly frequency prescribed
- Depending on local protocol the fentanyl order may be considered complete and correct if it follows local guidelines

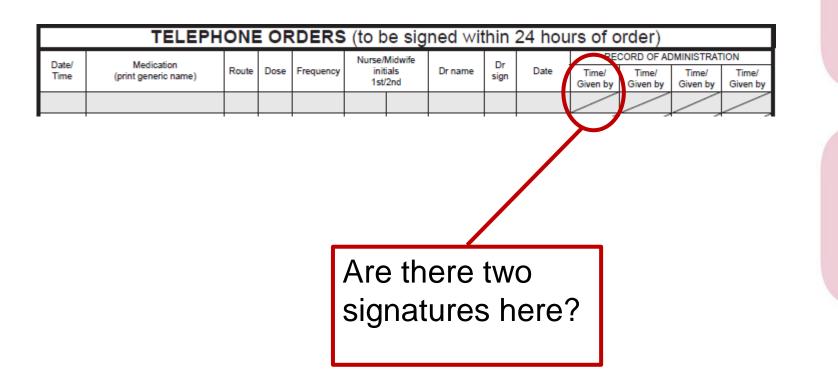
Once only, nurse initiated and phone orders Section 12

- Applies to all medicine orders in the once only, nurse initiated and phone order sections of all active charts in current use
- Excludes ceased medications

Sect	ion 12 Once only, nurse initiated		
	& phone orders	No.	
12.1	Total number of once only and nurse initiated orders ^b		
12.2	Total number of phone orders ^b [If '0' for both Q12.1 and Q12.2, go to section 13]	\square	
12.3	Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified: ^c		
	order not legible		
	order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)		
	medicine name not complete and correct		
	route not complete and correct		
	dose not complete and correct		
	frequency not complete and correct {phone orders only}		
	double signature not complete {phone orders only}		
	prescriber name not legible on the chart ^d		
	order not signed by prescriber		
12.4	How many once only, nurse initiated and phone orders contain one or more of the above errors? ^e		
12.5	Total number of required doses prescribed in the once only, nurse initiated and phone order section ⁹		
12.6	How many doses were missed without a reason for not administering specified? ^h		

Prescribing and Administration

Double signature not complete (phone order only)



Once only, nurse initiated and phone orders

1

1

1 0 0

0

0

0 0

1

2

0

Section 12 Once only, nurse initiated & phone orders

- 12.1 Total number of once only and nurse initiated **orders**^b
- 12.2 Total number of phone orders^b [If '0' for both Q12.1 and Q12.2, go to section 13]
- 12.3 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order **not** legible

order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)

medicine name not complete and correct

route not complete and correct

dose not complete and correct

frequency **not** complete and correct {phone orders only}

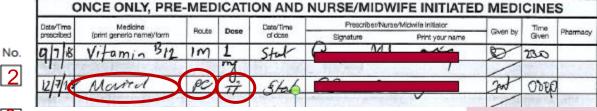
double signature **not** complete {phone orders only}

prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d

order not signed by prescriber

- 12.4 How many once only, nurse initiated and phone orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 12.5 Total number of required **doses** prescribed in the once only, nurse initiated and phone order section⁹
- 12.6 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h

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- 12.3 Movicol order is illegible
- Error prone = roman numeral 'ii'
- Medicine name not complete depending on hospital policy the use of Movicol may not be appropriate and considered incorrect

 Record the total number of orders with one or more errors, not total number of errors.

Variable dose medicine orders Section 13 Section 13 Variable dose medicine

- Applies to all medicine orders in the variable dose medicine order section of all active charts in current use
- Excludes ceased medications

Section 13 Variable dose medicine orders {NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}

No

- 13.1 Total number of variable dose medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 14]
- 13.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible

order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)

medicine name not complete and correct

route not complete and correct

dose **not** complete and correct for each day of administration

frequency not complete and correct

time to be given not documented

prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d

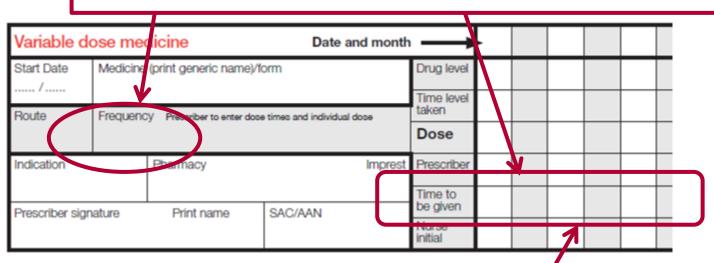
order not signed by prescriber

- 13.3 How many variable dose medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 13.4 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented
- 13.5 Total number of required **doses** prescribed in the variable dose section^g
- 13.6 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h

Prescribing and Administration

Frequency not complete and current

Check that these match – especially important if more than once daily dosing



Is this completed up to the date and time of the audit?

Time to be given not documented

Variable dose medicine order

Section 13 Variable dose medicine orders No.

{NIMC acute & PBS HMC acute only}

- 13.1 Total number of variable dose medicine orders^b [If '0', go to section 14]
- 13.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c order not legible

order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)

medicine name not complete and correct

route not complete and correct

dose not complete and correct for each day of administration

frequency not complete and correct

time to be given not documented

prescriber name not legible on the chart^d

order not signed by prescriber

- 13.3 How many variable dose medicine orders contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 13.4 Number of orders where indication is **not** documented

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- 13.5 Total number of required doses prescribed in the variable dose section⁹
- 13.6 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h

Line orders ove errors?^e If chart audited after 14/7, then 13.6 would be '2'

0

0 1 0

1

3

0

 It is the prescribers responsibility to write the time the dose should be administered

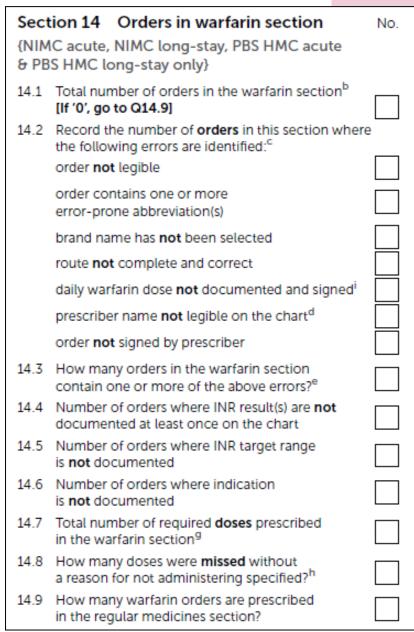
Assume audit day occurs on 12/7/18

Variable d	ose medicine Date and mon	th ——	9h	1%)	7	4	7	7	
Start Date	ntis Prednisolone								
10/7-18		Time level taken							
oral	17-18 Prednisolone te Frequency "Prescriber to enter down times and individual down Tal Dawy cation Pharmyby imprest	Dose	x	37.5	37.5	37.5	37.5	32.1	-
ndication	Pharmacy Impre	st Prescriber	1	C	0	a	2	a,	
0	NITH GOOD	Time to be given	0802	145	3830	ora	1	7	
Tes		Nurse		BB	m	NO			

 Chart audited on 12/7 hence the medication was not given at the time of auditing therefore 13.6 should be '0'

Orders in warfarin section Section 14 Orders in (NIMC acute, NIMC long & PBS HMC long-stay or

- Applies to all medicine orders in the warfarin section of the active WA Anticoagulant chart
- Excludes ceased medications



Warfarin – Section 14

WA uses the WA Anticoagulation Medication Chart (WA AMC) for prescribing <u>all</u> anticoagulants. Refer to this chart

To keep WA consistent:

14.1 If warfarin is prescribed this should be 114.2 Order not legible = 0 (unless actual dose prescribed is illegible)

- Route not complete and correct = 0
- If one or more doses in the warfarin section are not documented and signed, count this as one incorrect order only.
- 14.9 should be 0

Orders in warfarin section

No.

1

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

0

11

0

0

Section 14 Orders in warfarin section

{NIMC acute, NIMC long-stay, PBS HMC acute & PBS HMC long-stay only}

- 14.1 Total number of orders in the warfarin section^b [If '0', go to Q14.9]
- 14.2 Record the number of orders in this section where the following errors are identified:^c 0

order not legible

order contains one or more error-prone abbreviation(s)

brand name has not been selected

route not complete and correct

daily warfarin dose **not** documented and signedⁱ

prescriber name **not** legible on the chart^d

order not signed by prescriber

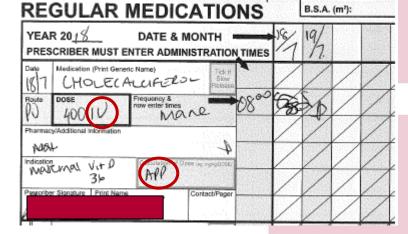
- 14.3 How many orders in the warfarin section contain one or more of the above errors?^e
- 14.4 Number of orders where INR result(s) are **not** documented at least once on the chart
- 14.5 Number of orders where INR target range is not documented
- 14.6 Number of orders where indication is not documented
- 14.7 Total number of required doses prescribed in the warfarin section^g
- 14.8 How many doses were **missed** without a reason for not administering specified?^h
- 14.9 How many warfarin orders are prescribed in the regular medicines section?

Delivering a Healthy WA

Year 20 18	-	_ / D/	AY AND MO	NTH→	14	2/2	3/2	14/1	5/2	6/2	1/2	12/1	1%	11/2	11/2
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Varfarin Discharge Pi	lan Dose_	001	Target IN	R	_	D	uratio)n			next	NR di	je	1_1_	Pres

If one or more doses in the > warfarin section are not documented and signed, count this as one incorrect order

- Order is legible
- Order contains an error prone abbreviation = 'IU', the recommended alternatives is 'unit(s)'
- The term 'APP' which is intended to mean 'as per protocol'
- <u>10.7</u> number of orders where dose calculation is not documented for patient aged 12 years or under



PRN paediatric example



- Order is legible
- However there is no indication
- Dose calculation documented on the order

Acknowledgements

 Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care

Resources available at:

https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/ourwork/medication-safety/nsmc-audit/

Audit system https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/ourwork/medication-safety/nsmc-audit/

Contact

For more information:

Medicines and Technology Unit – Medication Safety

Kerry.Fitzsimons@health.wa.gov.au
Telephone 6373 2224

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care <u>nsmc.audit@safetyandquality.gov.au</u>