Western Australian Coding Rule

0715/15 Levator ani syndrome

ACCD Coding Rule *Levator ani syndrome* (Ref No: Q2759) was retired on 30 June 2015. In ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Ninth Edition (effective 1 July 2015) an ICD-10-AM Alphabetic Index entry was created for Levator ani syndrome.
Western Australian Coding Rule

0413/10 Levator ani syndrome

WA Coding Rule 0211/02 *Levator ani syndrome* is superseded by ACCD Coding Rule *Levator ani syndrome* (Ref No: Q2759) effective 1 Jan 2013; (log in to view on the ACCD CLIP portal).

**DECISION**

WA Coding Rule 0211/02 *Levator ani syndrome* is retired.

[Effective 1 Jan 2013, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS 7th Ed.]
Western Australian Coding Rule

0211/02 Levator ani syndrome

Q.
Patient suffering from long term dyspareunia admitted for botox into puborectalis and pubococcygeus muscles. Principal diagnosis is Levator Ani Syndrome. What code should be assigned for this condition?

A.
Levator Ani Syndrome is also known as proctalgia fugax and is rectal pain caused by spasm of the levator ani muscle. There is no index pathway for Levator Ani Syndrome. This issue will be raised with the NCCC, in the meantime follow index pathway: proctalgia, fugax, unspecified = K59.4 Anal spasm.

DECISION
A query will be sent to the NCCC. In the meantime, assign K59.4 Anal spasm for Levator Ani Syndrome.

[Effective 01 Feb 2011, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS 7th Ed.]