Western Australian Coding Rule

0719/60 Post endometrial ablation syndrome

Q. What codes should be assigned for ‘post endometrial ablation syndrome’? The symptoms in this case are pelvic pain and dysmenorrhea for which the patient had a hysterectomy.

A. Post endometrial ablation syndrome is also known as:

- Post ablation syndrome (PAS) and
- Post ablation tubal sterilisation syndrome (PATS) (occurs in patients who have had tubal sterilisation followed by endometrial ablation)

Following endometrial ablation, uterine contracture and scar tissue may obstruct the cornual areas and prevent normal antegrade passage of menstrual material or result in retrograde menstruation. Retrograde bleeding into the proximal tubal segment causes recurrent painful tubal distension with patients experiencing sudden-onset severe cramp like lower abdominal pain (unilateral or bilateral). The pain is often cyclic and frequently associated with vaginal spotting, even if the patient is amenorrheic.

Following ACS 1904 Procedural complications:

Where a condition is not related to a prosthetic device, implant or graft and:

- it is related to a body system, assign an appropriate code from the body system chapter.

Assign N99.89 Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorder of genitourinary system following the Alphabetic Index pathway:

Complication(s)
- genitourinary
-- intraoperative or postprocedural
--- specified NEC

ACS 1904 instructs the assignment of an additional code from Chapters 1 – 19 where it provides further specificity. Signs and symptoms of post endometrial ablation syndrome may vary between patients. As per ACS 0005 Syndromes when there is no single ICD-10-AM code to classify all the elements of a syndrome, assign codes for the manifestations that are relevant for the patient and meet the criteria in ACS 0001 Principal diagnosis and ACS 0002 Additional diagnoses.
For the manifestations pelvic pain and dysmenorrhoea, assign:

N94.8 Other specified conditions associated with female genital organs and menstrual cycle following Alphabetic Index pathway:

Pain(s)
- female genital organs NEC

and

N94.5 Secondary dysmenorrhoea following Alphabetic Index pathway:

Dysmenorrhoea
- secondary
(secondary dysmenorrhoea is dysmenorrhoea due to an abnormality of pelvic organs)

Assign also U91 Syndrome, not elsewhere classified followed by external cause codes:
Y83.8 Other surgical procedures
Y92.2x Place of occurrence, health service area
U73.8 Other specified activity

Note: Coding Rule TN1504 Eleventh Edition ACS 1904 Procedural complications – additional code to add specificity states that the instruction ‘an additional code from Chapters 1 to 19 may be assigned where it provides further specificity’ is intended to provide further specificity of the condition, not an anatomical site. Although N94.8 Other specified conditions associated with female genital organs and menstrual cycle provides little specificity, it should be assigned to meet the requirements of ACS 0005 Syndromes.

**DECISION**

Post endometrial ablation syndrome should be coded:

N99.89 Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorder of genitourinary system
Codes for manifestations that are relevant to the patient and meet criteria for coding as per ACS 0005 Syndromes.
U91 Syndrome, not elsewhere classified
Y83.8 Other surgical procedures
Y92.2x Place of occurrence, health service area
U73.8 Other specified activity.

This WA Coding Rule 0719/60 Post endometrial ablation syndrome supersedes WA Coding Rule 0318/65 Post endometrial ablation syndrome.

This Rule has been modified to correspond with an update in ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Eleventh Edition.

[Effective 1 Jul 2019, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ASC 11th Ed.]
Western Australian Coding Rule

0318/65 Post endometrial ablation syndrome

Q. What codes should be assigned for ‘post endometrial ablation syndrome’? The symptoms in this case are pelvic pain and dysmenorrhea for which the patient had a hysterectomy.

A. Post endometrial ablation syndrome is also known as:

- Post ablation syndrome (PAS) and
- Post ablation tubal sterilisation syndrome (PATS) (occurs in patients who have had tubal sterilisation followed by endometrial ablation)

Following endometrial ablation, uterine contracture and scar tissue may obstruct the cornual areas and prevent normal antegrade passage of menstrual material or result in retrograde menstruation. Retrograde bleeding into the proximal tubal segment causes recurrent painful tubal distension with patients experiencing sudden-onset severe cramp like lower abdominal pain (unilateral or bilateral). The pain is often cyclic and frequently associated with vaginal spotting, even if the patient is amenorrheic.

Following ACS 1904 Procedural complications:

- Where a condition is not related to a prosthetic device, implant or graft and:
  - it is related to a body system, assign an appropriate code from the body system chapter.

Assign N99.89 Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorder of genitourinary system following the Alphabetic Index pathway:

Complication(s)
- genitourinary
  -- intraoperative or postprocedural
  --- specified NEC

ACS 1904 instructs the assignment of an additional code from Chapters 1 – 19 where it provides further specificity. Signs and symptoms of post endometrial ablation syndrome may vary between patients, so additional chapter codes can only be assigned based on the documentation unique to each patient. For the scenario described, i.e. pelvic pain and dysmenorrhoea due to post endometrial ablation syndrome, assign:

N94.8 Other specified conditions associated with female genital organs and menstrual cycle following Alphabetic Index pathway:
Pain(s)
- female genital organs NEC

and

N94.5 Secondary dysmenorrhoea following Alphabetic Index pathway:

Dysmenorrhoea
- secondary
(secondary dysmenorrhoea is dysmenorrhoea due to an abnormality of pelvic organs).

Assign also, the following external cause codes:
Y83.8 Other surgical procedures
Y92.2x Place of occurrence, health service area
U73.8 Other specified activity

DECISION
Post endometrial ablation syndrome should be coded:

N99.89 Other intraoperative and postprocedural disorder of genitourinary system
Additional diagnosis code/s where it provides further specificity of any documented symptoms
Y83.8 Other surgical procedures
Y92.2x Place of occurrence, health service area
U73.8 Other specified activity.

This WA Coding Rule 0318/65 Post endometrial ablation syndrome supersedes WA Coding Rule 1215/01 Post endometrial ablation syndrome.

This Rule has been modified to correspond with an update in ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ACS Tenth Edition.
[Effective 1 Jul 2017, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ASC 10th Ed.]
Western Australian Coding Rule

1215/01 Post endometrial ablation syndrome

Q. What codes should be assigned for ‘post endometrial ablation syndrome’? The symptoms in this case are pelvic pain and dysmenorrhea for which the patient had a hysterectomy.

A. Post endometrial ablation syndrome is also known as:

- Post ablation syndrome (PAS) and
- Post ablation tubal sterilisation syndrome (PATS) (occurs in patients who’ve had tubal sterilisation followed by endometrial ablation)

Following endometrial ablation, uterine contracture and scar tissue may obstruct the cornual areas and prevent normal antegrade passage of menstrual material or result in retrograde menstruation. Retrograde bleeding into the proximal tubal segment causes recurrent painful tubal distension with patients experiencing sudden-onset severe cramp-like lower abdominal pain (unilateral or bilateral). The pain is often cyclic and frequently associated with vaginal spotting, even if the patient is amenorrheic.

Post endometrial ablation syndrome is not specifically Indexed, so follow ACS 1904 Procedural complications to code this condition.

As per ACS 1904, there is no Index entry for ‘postprocedural’ under the terms: pain; pelvic pain; female genital organ pain; or dysmenorrhoea, so follow the Index pathway:

Complication(s)
- genitourinary
  -- postprocedural
  --- specified NEC N99.8
and assign N99.8 Other postprocedural disorders of genitourinary system.

ACS 1904 instructs the assignment of additional chapter codes where they provide further specificity. Signs and symptoms of post endometrial ablation syndrome may vary between patients, so additional chapter codes can only be assigned based on the documentation unique to each patient. For the scenario described, i.e. pelvic pain and dysmenorrhea due to post endometrial ablation syndrome, assign:

N94.8 Other specified conditions associated with female genital organs and menstrual cycle following Index pathway:

Pain(s)
- female genital organs NEC
and

N94.5 *Secondary dysmenorrhoea* following Index pathway:

Dysmenorrhoea
- secondary
  (secondary dysmenorrhoea is dysmenorrhoea due to an abnormality of pelvic organs).

Assign also, the following external cause codes: Y83.8, Y92.22 and U73.8.

**DECISION**

Post endometrial ablation syndrome should be coded to N99.8 *Other postprocedural disorders of genitourinary system*, along with the relevant codes for any documented symptoms and the external cause codes Y83.8 *Other surgical procedures*, Y92.22 *Place of occurrence, health service area* and U73.8 *Other specified activity*.

[Effective 02 Dec 2015, ICD-10-AM/ACHI/ASC 9th Ed.]